

Significant Digits and Scientific Notation

Writing standard number in Scientific Notation

This is a number written in standard form.

35.075



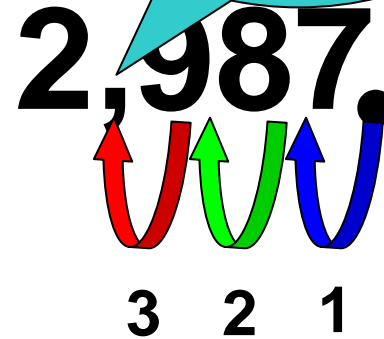
3.5075

Exponent is 1 since we moved the decimal 1 place.

3.5075 x 10¹

To write this in scientific notation, the decimal must be moved to:

Since you moved the decimal 1 place to the left, we write the number in scientific notation:



This is a comma, not a decimal

To write in scientific notation, add a decimal to the end of the number:

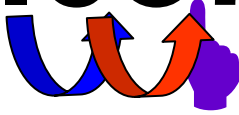
Move the decimal to the left:

Exponent is 3 because we moved the decimal 3 places

$$2.987 \times 10^3$$

To write a decimal number in scientific notation, the decimal needs to be moved to the right to:

0.0873



1 2

Move the decimal to the right:

008.73

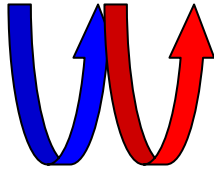
008.73 x 10⁻²

When you move the decimal to the right, the exponents are negative!

Changing Scientific Notation to Standard Form

Since the exponent is 2, move the decimal 2 places to the right.

$$4.687 \times 10^2$$



1 2

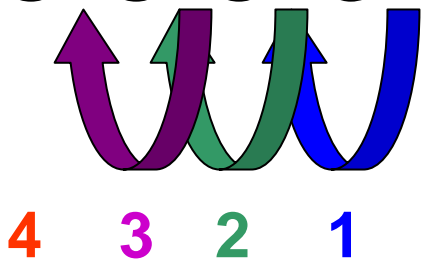
Drop the $\times 10^2$ when writing in standard form.

468.7

Add 0's when needed to move the decimal.

Since the exponent is negative, move the decimal to the left 4 spaces.

$$.0006.87 \times 10^{-4}$$



Drop the $\times 10^{-4}$

$$.000687$$

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

- Significant digits or Significant figures are used by chemist in the lab around the world to show that certain measurements are accurate and precise.
- Your laboratory techniques will impact the significance of your digits/figures. (cylinder)
- Your laboratory equipment will also impact your digits. (electric balance)

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

RULE #1

NONZERO numbers all are SIGNIFICANT

Example 1: 123 has THREE significant figures

Example 2: 45.777 has FIVE significant figures

How many are the following examples?

Example 3: 65.233

Example 4: 87,654,321

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

RULE #2

All ZEROS between two NONZERO numbers
are SIGNIFICANT

Example 1: 120056 has SIX significant figures

Example 2: 45.07 has FOUR significant figures

How many are the following examples?

Example 3: 60003

Example 4: 80.10101

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

RULE #3

ZEROS in FRONT of NONZERO numbers are NOT SIGNIFICANT

Example 1: 0003 has ONE significant figures

Example 2: 00.0095 has TWO significant figures

How many are the following examples?

Example 3: 000000034

Example 4: 00.0017

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

RULE #4

ZEROS at the end of a number are SIGNIFICANT if a decimal is PRESENT

Example 1: 12.300 has FIVE significant figures

Example 2: 45.00 has FOUR significant figures

How many are the following examples?

Example 3: 6554.00

Example 4: 00.0023400

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

RULE #5

ZEROS at the end of a number are **NOT SIGNIFICANT** if a decimal is not present.

They are estimated digits and are considered insignificant.

Example 1: 13000 has TWO significant figures

Example 2: 45173000 has FIVE significant figures

How many are the following examples?

Example 3: 65000

Example 4: 80000

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

PRACTICE:

1. 100.002
2. 1000
3. 1000.
4. 1000.0
5. 12345
6. 1234.00
7. 120088
8. 000.00067
9. 123.1010
10. 3

SIGNIFICANT DIGITS

PRACTICE:

1. 100.002 (6)
2. 1000 (1)
3. 1000. (4)
4. 1000.0 (5)
5. 12345 (5)
6. 1234.00 (6)
7. 120088 (6)
8. 000.00067 (2)
9. 123.1010 (7)
10. 3 (1)

Write 89,450,000 in scientific notation with one, two, three, four, and five significant digits:

- ONE: 9×10^7
- TWO: 8.9×10^7
- THREE: 8.95×10^7
- FOUR: 8.945×10^7
- FIVE: 8.9450×10^7

YOU TRY:

Write 00.000034500 in scientific notation with one, two, three, four, and five significant digits:

YOU TRY:

Write 00.000034500 in scientific notation with one, two, three, four, and five significant digits:

ONE:	3×10^{-5}
TWO:	3.5×10^{-5}
THREE:	3.45×10^{-5}
FOUR:	3.450×10^{-5}
FIVE:	3.4500×10^{-5}

DONE

HOMEWORK DUE NOW (*)

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19, 20, 30, 31, 33, 37, 39, 40, 41